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Presentation

This booklet provides English teachers of Module 46 with important information about suggested indicators of learning for the pedagogical mediation. This school year, teachers must write their own indicators. This document intends to be another resource that teachers can or might use as a reference to write their own indicators for planning and assessment. It includes a sample instrument for registering In -Class Progress and performance scales for oral exams. All the suggested indicators will help teachers to measure the goals, assessment strategies and the three learning strands (Learn to Know, Learn to Do, Learn to Be and Live in Community) set in the English curriculum when designing their lesson plans. As a result, learners can achieve the expected level of performance in the target language according to the CEFR. Remember to visit the resource site for in which you can find videos, audios, and the teacher's Guides for this module.

https://recursos.mep.go.cr/2022/cindeas/ https://recursos.mep.go.cr/2022/cindeas/#documents

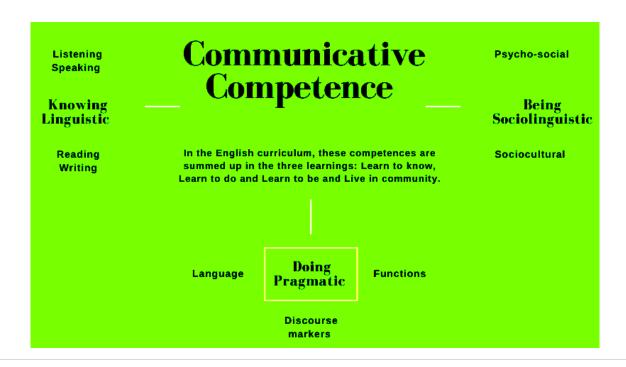
Aim of this document:

a) To provide a list of indicators of learning per unit and for each linguistic competence for Module 46.

Important points to keep in mind when working with the indicators.

The CEFR defines communication as a social act, where learners are social agents, developing a range of general and specific communicative language competences, moving from learning about the language to learning to communicate in the language in active, spontaneous, and authentic language interaction. Most of the tasks to be accomplished have a meaningful communication objective, for example, solving a problem in a given scenario.

The CEFR defines competences as "the sum of knowledge, skills and characteristics that allow a person to perform actions in society (p.9). They are comprised of general and specific competences as shown in the following graphic organizer. General competences consist of knowledge, skills, and abilities to learn and existential competences that are not language-specific, but learners use them when performing all kinds of actions including language activities.





INDICATORS OF LEARNING

CEFR has different proficiency levels for each linguistic competence. In the English curriculum, these levels can be seen in the goals and the assessment strategies for each scenario. Measuring linguistic competences is an essential part of classroom assessment. It provides an objective, valid, reliable and meaningful balance to know what learners are achieving.

How can we make sure a learner is reaching the desired achievement level?

By constructing and using indicators of learning.



How do we write indicators?



* The condition element is present in numerous descriptors for each level in the CEFR. In the English curriculum, this aspect is present in the goals for each linguistic competence. Therefore, indicators of learning must be written considering this feature.



How many indicators do we write per assessment strategy?

- This actually depends on the complexity of the competence.
- There are some that only need one or two achievement indicators, others twice as much.
- There is no recipe that says how many indicators should be written for each competence.



How many achievement levels do we have? We have three levels: Achieved, In progress and Not yet achieved.

Not yet achieved: Learner cannot achieve the task.

In process: Learner can achieve the task with some difficulty and needs improvement.

Achieved: Learner can achieve the task without any difficulty.

How to use this document

- 1) Keep in mind that indicators have the following characteristics: measurable, observable and specific.
- 2) Indicators of learning are organized by unit, then by each assessment strategy from the curriculum.
- 3) Identify the goal and assessment strategy that you will be using. Remember, a goal is a can- do performance descriptor while an assessment strategy provides evidence of learner's learning outcomes.
- 4) Use indicators of learning throughout each unit to monitor students' progress and make the corresponding mediation changes if necessary.
- 5) The indicators of learning for each assessment strategy are arranged in sequential order for students to perform them appropriately.
- 6) Remember that the Pre-teaching Stage **must not** have indicators of learning. They are strictly related to the suggested mediation sequence for each linguistic competence.

How to incorporate the indicators of learning in your lesson plan

- a. While teaching (Oral Comprehension, Written Comprehension, Oral Production, Written Production), remember that there should be a connection between the goals, assessment strategies, indicators of learning, and pedagogical mediation for each competence.
- b. The written indicators for each assessment strategy and goal must be incorporated in your lesson plan.
 They are scaffolded to ensure the learner achieves the assessment strategy and ultimately develops competency.
- c. In the example below, with only one audio, all the indicators written for the assessment strategy were incorporated in the pedagogical mediation. This means you need to include all the indicators when planning, not only the ones you want to work with. They are written as small, essential steps that help to achieve the assessment strategy, the goal and finally to develop competency.
- d. See the following example to integrate the indicators to your lesson plans.

Learner	Learner can	Oral Comprehension	5´			
L.1. distinguishes the main points and the important details of audio recordings.	important details of audio recordings provided standard					
	healthy living,	PTE IISTENING Column A contains words from the next listening activity and Column B contains their corresponding definition. Match definitions in Column B with their corresponding word in Column A.				
	positive attitude,	Column A Column B				
	plans for success,	cardiovascular system (noun) () 1. a word showing disbelief				
	and stories of	fridge (noun) () 2. begin or start				
	successful people.	hon (pronoun): () 3. a medical examination				
		cut back on (phrasal verb): () 4. short for "refrigerator"				
		take up (phrasal verb): () 5. your body's blood circulation system including your heart, veins, and arteries				
		physical (noun) () 6. short for "honey"				
		Humph (exclamation) () 7. to reduce				
		Learners compare answers and teacher checks them out loud.				
		Listening for the first time	5´			
	Learners listen to a conversation taken from https://www.esl-					
	lab.com/intermediate/healthy-lifestyle/. Teacher can download the audio from					
		https://www.esl-lab.com/quizzes/healthylifestyle-cloze.htm				
	Learners listen to the conversation for the first time and complete the following					

Indicator of learning:	statements.	
L.1.1 Gets main points of audio recordings about healthy living.	Listen to the conversation and complete the statements. The man wants to	10′
	Pair /Group feedback: Learners share answers with the rest of the class. With the information they got from the audio, learners, in pairs, have to choose the	
	topic of the conversation. Teacher writes on the board the three options. My wife's recommendations Recommendations to be a fitness freak Loving diet and exercise	22′
	Orally, learners should give at least two supporting details that helped them to choose that topic. Pair/Group feedback: Learners share answers with the rest of the class.	

L.1.2 Recognizes the topic of the conversation about recommendations to get a healthy lifestyle.

L.1.3 Identifies some supporting details in audio recordings about healthy living.

L.1.4 Identifies key words in audio recordings about healthy living.

Listening for the second time

Learners listen to the conversation again and fill in all the missing words below.

Listening for the Second time. Listen to the conversation again and fill in all the missing words below. Man: Honey, the basketball game is about to And could you bring some chips and a bowl of ice cream? And . . . uh . . . a slice of ___ the fridge. Woman: Anything else? Man: Nope, that's all for now. Hey, hon, you know, they're organizing a company basketball team, and I'm thinking about joining. What do you think? Man: "Humph" What do you mean "Humph." I was the star____ high school. Woman: Yeah, twenty-five years ago. Look, I just don't want you having a heart attack running up and down the court. Man: So, what are you suggesting? _____I just abandon the idea? I'm not that out of shape. Woman: Well . . . you ought to at least have a physical before you begin. I mean, it HAS been at least ______years since you played at all. Man: Well. okav. but . . . Woman: And you need to watch your diet and cut back on the fatty foods, like ice cream. And you should try eating more fresh _____ Man: Yeah, you're probably right. Woman: And you should a little weight training to strengthen your muscles or perhaps try cycling to build up your cardiovascular system. Oh, and you need to go to __ _early instead of watching TV half the night. Man: Hey, you're starting to sound like my personal ____ Woman: No, I just love you, and I want you to be around for a long, long

Post-listening_

Learners check answers with their elbow partner.

Learners are asked to think about three things they need to change right now to have a healthy lifestyle. They should write their ideas on a piece of paper and stick it on the wall (as a reminder of things that need to be changed)

25′

I Period

Scenario: Here I Am!

Assessment Strategies	Indicators of Learning		
L.1. identifies basic greetings, farewells and	L1.1	Identifies basic greetings and farewells from an aural/oral prompt.	
common expressions of politeness.	L1.2	Identifies common expressions of politeness from an aural/oral prompt.	
L.2. discriminates classroom language within oral utterances.	L2.1	Distinguishes among basic classroom expressions from aural/oral prompt.	
L.3. recognizes simple personal questions when they hear them.	L.3.1	Recognizes simple personal information questions from aural/oral prompt	
R.1. identifies brief, simple instructions if encountered in similar form.	R.1	Identifies brief, simple instructions if encountered in similar form.	
R.2. discriminates English language sounds.	R2.1	Discriminates English language sounds.	
R.3. recognizes some expressions and the main information in texts (heard or read) with	R3.1	Recognizes some expressions on posters, brochures, signs, invitations, and simple texts.	
instructional support.	R3.2	Recognizes main information in on posters, brochures, signs, invitations, and simple texts.	
SI.1. spells out words.	SI.1.1	Spells out words correctly.	

I Period						
	Scenario: Here I Am!					
Assessment Strategies		Indicators of Learning				
SI.2. uses basic greeting and leave-taking	SI.2.1	Recognizes and responds appropriately to basic greetings and farewells.				
expressions, farewell, and politeness and						
basic classroom language.	SI.2.2	Recognizes and responds appropriately to basic classroom language.				
SI.3. asks personal information to others.	SI.3.1	Asks and answers spoken personal information questions.				
	SP.1.1	Investigates and determines the appropriate information and visuals for a				
		personal introduction in an oral presentation.				
SP.1. introduces him/herself providing	SP.1.2	Organizes the information and visuals for a personal introduction in an oral				
personal information		presentation.				
personal information	SP.1.3	Constructs sentences with the information and the appropriate linkers or				
		connecting words for a personal introduction in an oral presentation.				
	SP.1.4	Introduces themselves in a well-organized oral presentation.				
	SP2.1	Investigates and determines the appropriate information to describe their				
		family.				
SP.2. describes his/her family simply.	SP2.2	Organizes the information and resources to describe their family.				
or in accombos morner family simply.	SP2.3	Constructs sentences with the information and the appropriate linkers or				
		connecting words to describe their family.				
	SP2.4	Orally describes their family using prepared sentence frames.				

I Period							
	Scenario: Here I Am!						
Assessment Strategies Indicators of Learning							
W.1. writes labels on familiar objects in a	W.1.1 Labels familiar objects in a picture or diagram.						
picture or diagram.							
	W.2.1	Prewrites ideas about personal information.					
	W.2.2	Drafts personal information sentences using sentence frames and					
W O south a constant of a moral information		appropriate linkers or connecting words.					
W.2. writes straightforward information	W.2.3	Revises personal information sentences with a focus on content and					
about him/herself in short sentences.		checking for errors in subject-verb agreement, capitalization, spelling, and					
		basic punctuation).					
	W.2.4	Edits the sentences before publishing them.					

I Period			
Scenario: Enjoying Life			
Assessment Strategies		Indicators of Learning	
L1. identifies the sound of words heard in context.	L1.1	Identifies the sound of words heard in context.	
L2. distinguishes simple phrases about daily	L2.1	Distinguishes among simple phrases about daily routines, eating	
routines, eating habits, hobbies and hanging out		habits, hobbies and hanging out activities.	
activities.			
R.1. recognizes by manipulating English language	R1.1	Recognizes targeted sounds in words.	
sounds using knowledge in phonics, syllabification	R1.2	Articulates targeted sounds.	
and word parts.	R1.3	Produces targeted sounds in simple sentences.	
	R2.1	Recognizes the topic on posters, brochures, signs, and	
R.2. recognizes the main information on posters,		invitations.	
brochures, signs, and invitations.	R2.2	Recognizes specific details on posters, brochures, signs, and	
		invitations.	
R.3. distinguishes brief, simple instructions and	R3.1	Recognizes simple instructions in texts.	
some expressions if encountered previously in the	R3.2	Differentiates among instructional expressions in texts.	
same or similar form.			
SI.1. asks and answers in a predictable pattern	SI.1.1	Uses information questions to ask simple questions about daily	
simple questions about daily routines, eating		routines, eating habits, hobbies and hanging out activities.	

I Period				
Scenario: Enjoying Life				
Assessment Strategies		Indicators of Learning		
habits, hobbies and hanging out activities if the	SI.1.2	Constructs short sentences to answer information questions		
other person speaks slowly and clearly.		about daily routines, eating habits, hobbies and hanging out		
		activities.		
	SI.2.1	Communicates lack of comprehension using simple phrases and		
SI.2. expresses when he /she does not understand.		memorized patterns. Ex. I don't understand. Can you repeat		
		again, please?		
	SP1.1	Investigates and determines the appropriate information to		
		describe how they enjoy life.		
S.P.1. describes how he/she enjoys life by using	SP1.2	Constructs sentences by using sentence frames and the		
simple standard expressions.		appropriate linkers or connecting words to describe how they		
		enjoy life.		
	SP1.3	Orally describes how they enjoys life.		
W1. writes labels on familiar objects in a picture or	W1.1	Writes labels on familiar objects in a picture or diagram.		
diagram.				
	W2.1	Prewrites personal information sentences ideas about habits,		
W2. writes straightforward information about		hobbies, and enjoying life.		
themselves in short simple sentences or provides	W2.2	Drafts personal information sentences about habits, hobbies, and		
that information on a questionnaire.		enjoying life using sentence frames and the appropriate linkers or		
		connecting words.		

l Period Scenario: Enjoying Life		
Assessment Strategies		Indicators of Learning
	W2.3	Revises the personal information sentences with a focus on content and checking for errors in subject-verb agreement, capitalization, spelling, and basic punctuation.
	W2.4	Edits the sentences or the information in the questionnaire before publishing them.

I Period					
Scenario: Getting Back to Nature					
Assessment Strategies		Indicators of Learning			
L.1. identifies instructions for games and	L1.1	Identifies and follows teacher's or student's instructions for games.			
follows teacher or students' modeling of					
the activity.					
L.2. recognizes some isolated vocabulary,	L2.1	Recognizes targeted terms in oral advertisements or conversations.			
terms, and main ideas from specific	L2.2	Recognizes the main idea and specific details in oral advertisements			
subject areas.		or conversations.			
L.3. recognizes specific information about	L3.1	Identifies the topic in oral texts about natural beauties and wonders.			
natural beauties and wonders.	L3.2	Recognizes specific information in oral texts about natural beauties			
		and wonders.			
R.1. identifies English language sounds	R1.1	Recognizes targeted sounds in words.			
using knowledge in phonics, syllabification	R1.2	Articulates the targeted sounds.			
and word parts.	R1.3	Produces the targeted sound in sentences in an oral or written form.			
R.2. identifies key words related to nature	R2.1	Identifies key words related to nature in texts.			
in texts.					
R.3. recognizes main ideas in texts.	R3.1	Recognizes the topic in texts about natural beauties and wonders			
11.01 1000gm200 mam racao m texto.		when accompanied by illustrations.			

I Period				
Scenario: Getting Back to Nature				
Assessment Strategies		Indicators of Learning		
	R3.2	Recognizes the main ideas in texts about natural beauties and		
		wonders when accompanied by illustrations.		
R.4. recognizes specific details in texts	R4.1	Identifies the topic in texts related to natural beauties and wonders		
accompanied by illustrations.		when accompanied by illustrations.		
	R4.2	Recognizes specific details in texts related to natural beauties and		
		wonders when accompanied by illustrations.		
SI.1. talks about tours and plans briefly.	SI1.1	Briefly discusses a simple tour or place to visit using sentence frames		
		and key words.		
	SI1.2	Briefly discusses plans for the tour or place to visit using sentence		
		frames and key words.		
SI.2. asks somebody to repeat what he or	SI.2.1	Asks for repetition and clarification using simple phrases and		
she said more slowly.		memorized patterns.		
SI.3. asks people for information related to	SI3.1	Formulates basic yes/no questions to ask about places, tours and		
places, tours and plans.		plans.		
	SI3.2	Formulates basic wh- questions to get information about places, tours		
		and plans.		
SP.1. provides basic information about	SP1.1	Orally shares information about natural beauties in the country by		
favorite natural beauties in the country and		using sentence frames, key words and the appropriate linkers or		
wonders all over the world.		connecting words.		

I Period				
Scenario: Getting Back to Nature				
Assessment Strategies		Indicators of Learning		
SP.2. describes what he/she likes about	SP2.1	Investigates and determines the appropriate information to describe a		
places and tours.		favorite place or a tour.		
	SP2.2	Organizes the information and resources to describe a place or a tour		
		by using sentence frames and the appropriate linkers or connecting		
		words.		
	SP2.3	Orally describes the location, transportation, activities, prices and any		
		other important information of different places or tours.		
W.1. completes gapped sentences using a	W1.1	Completes sentences by using the appropriate word according to the		
word list of familiar words.		context.		
W2. writes simple descriptions on traveling	W2.1	Prewrites ideas for a description about a place, tour or plan using		
places and making plans, checking written		sentence frame and key words.		
sentences to look for mistakes (e.g.,	W2.2	Drafts a description about a place, tour or plan using the appropriate		
subject-verb agreement, capitalization,		linkers or connecting words.		
spelling, and basic punctuation).	W2.3	Revises the description sentences with a focus on content and		
		checking for errors in subject-verb agreement, capitalization, spelling,		
		and basic punctuation).		
	W2.4	Edits the description before publishing it.		

Shopping List Indicators of Learning
Indicators of Learning
G .
c and key words in conversations about shopping for groceries
n accompanied by pictures or drawings.
details in conversations about shopping for groceries and
companied by pictures or drawings.
onipalina 2) pictares et arawinge.
words and specific details in conversations about shopping for
thing.
etting of a story when read slowly and accompanied by
haracters of a story when read slowly and accompanied by
indicate of a coopy and coopy and accompanies by
problem of a story when read slowly and accompanied by
robioin of a diory whom road clowly and accompanied by
ending of a story when read slowly and accompanied by

I Period					
Checking Things of the Shopping List					
Assessment Strategies	Indicators of Learning				
		pictures.			
R.1. identifies English-language	R1.1	Recognizes targeted sounds in words.			
sounds using knowledge in phonics, syllabification, and word parts.	R1.2	Articulates the targeted sounds.			
	R1.3	Produces the targeted sounds in sentences in an oral or written form.			
R.2. recognizes previously	R.2.1	Demonstrates recall of previously studied root word, prefixes, and suffixes in			
encountered parts of words,		words.			
prefixes, and suffixes.					
R.3. distinguishes information	R.3.1	Identifies key words in each part of the posters, ads, catalogues and everyday			
related to groceries and clothing in		signs and short texts.			
posters, ads, catalogues and	R.3.2	Finds specific details (price, size, quantity, and other characteristics) in each			
everyday signs and short texts.		part of the in posters, ads, catalogues and everyday signs and short texts.			
SI.1. asks and tells others his/her	SI.1.1	Formulates basic yes/no questions and wh- questions to ask others about			
desires about shopping prices, size		desires regarding shopping prices, size and where to get things.			
and where to get things.	SI.1.2	Interacts with others to discuss shopping prices, size and where to get things.			
SI.2. asks somebody to speak more	SI.2.1	Asks speaker to adjust speed using simple phrases and memorized patterns.			
slowly when needed.					

I Period						
Checking Things of the Shopping List						
Assessment Strategies	Indicators of Learning					
SI.3. buys things in shops by	SI.3.1	Asks for groceries, clothing or food at a store using short phrases and nonverbal				
pointing or other gestures that can		cues.				
support what he/she says.	SI.3.2	Asks for prices, using short phrases and nonverbal cues.				
	SI.3.4	Asks for different payment options to buy groceries, clothing or food using short				
		phrases and nonverbal cues.				
SI.4. uses simple numbers in	SI.4.1	Asks for prices to get groceries, clothing, or food at a store				
everyday conversations. (e.g.						
prices)						
SP.1. gives basic information about	SP.1.1	Investigates and determines the appropriate information to give basic				
shopping preferences and prices.		information about shopping preferences and prices in a presentation.				
(e.g. favorite clothing, favorite	SP.1.2	Organizes the information and resources to give basic information about				
shops).		shopping preferences and prices in a presentation by using sentence frames				
		and the appropriate linkers or connecting words.				
	SP.1.3	Constructs sentences to give basic information about shopping preferences and				
		prices in a presentation by using sentence frames and the appropriate linkers or				
		connecting words.				
	SP.1.4	Orally presents basic information about shopping preferences and prices.				
SP.2. describes shopping items	SP.2.1	Investigates and determines the appropriate information to describe shopping				

I Period					
Checking Things of the Shopping List					
Assessment Strategies		Indicators of Learning			
using simple words and sentence		items using simple words and sentence frames.			
frames. (For example: their size,	SP.2.2	Organizes the information and resources to describe shopping items by using			
color, material, price).		sentence frames and the appropriate linkers or connecting words.			
	SP.2.3	Constructs sentences to describe shopping items by using sentence frames and			
		the appropriate linkers or connecting words.			
	SP.2.4	Orally describes shopping items using simple words and sentence frames.			
W.1. writes simple descriptions of	W.1.1	Prewrites ideas for a description of shopping lists and budget charts using			
shopping lists and budget charts		sentence frames.			
(e.g., I need some milk.)	W.1.2	Drafts a description of shopping lists and budget charts using the appropriate			
		linkers or connecting words.			
	W.1.3	Revises the descriptions with a focus on content and checking for errors in			
		subject-verb agreement, capitalization, spelling, and basic punctuation.			
	W.1.4	Edits the description before publishing it.			
W.2. writes short, simple texts about	W.2.1	Prewrites ideas for a short, simple text about shopping at grocery store, clothing			
shopping at grocery stores, clothing		stores and supermarkets.			
stores and supermarkets, checking	W.2.2	Drafts sentences for a short, simple text about shopping at grocery store,			
written sentences to look for		clothing stores and supermarkets using the appropriate linkers or connecting			
mistakes (e.g., subject-verb		words.			

I Period				
Checking Things of the Shopping List				
Assessment Strategies	Indicators of Learning			
agreement, capitalization, spelling,	W.2.3	Revises a short, simple text with a focus on content and checking for errors in		
basic punctuation etc.).		subject-verb agreement, capitalization, spelling, and basic punctuation.		
	W.2.4	Edits a short, simple text before publishing it.		

II Period			
Let's Celebrate Costa Rican Culture			
Assessment Strategies		Indicators of Learning	
L.1. identifies basic phrases that denote facts	L.1.1	Identifies key words and basic phrases that denote facts about Costa	
about Costa Rican culture.		Rican culture in conversations.	
L.2. recognizes pieces of short information about	L.2.1	Recognizes specific details in pieces of short information about holidays	
holidays and celebrations.		and celebrations in conversations.	
L.2.1 recognizes what is being said about	L.2.1.1	Recognizes the gist or basic summary of what is being said about holidays	
holidays and celebrations.		and celebrations in conversations.	
R.1. identifies and manipulates English language	R1.1	Recognizes targeted sounds in words.	
sounds using knowledge in phonics,	R1.2	Articulates the targeted sounds.	
syllabification and word parts.	R1.3	Produces the targeted sound in sentences in an oral or written form.	
R.2. recognizes vocabulary and important	R.2.1	Recognizes key words on basic promotional material such as posters.	
information on basic promotional material. (e.g.,	11.2.1	Tredegriized key words on sadie premeterial material dear as postere.	
date, place and activities, on poster).	R.2.2	Recognizes specific details on basic promotional material such as posters.	
R.3. discriminates straightforward information,	R.3.1	Labels pictures with words related to Costa Rican culture.	
words and expressions on Costa Rican culture.	R.3.2	Recognizes expressions on Costa Rican culture in texts.	
	R.3.3	Locates straightforward information on Costa Rican culture in texts.	

II Period		
Let's Celebrate Costa Rican Culture		
Assessment Strategies		Indicators of Learning
SI.1. answers simple questions using individual	SI.1.1	Uses individual words, expressions, or short sentences to answer
words, expressions, or short		questions about holidays and celebrations, orally.
sentences.		
SI.2. asks for specific information regarding	SI.2.1	Formulates yes/no questions to ask for specific information regarding
holidays and celebrations.		holidays and celebrations.
	SI.2.2	Formulates wh- questions to ask for specific information regarding
		holidays and celebrations.
SI.3. interacts using basic language.	SI.3.1	Interacts with others to exchange feelings and opinions regarding holidays
		and celebrations.
SP.1. talks about celebrations and holidays in	SP2.1	Investigates and determines the appropriate information and illustrations
Costa Rica briefly.		to talk about celebrations and holidays in Costa Rica briefly.
	SP2.2	Organizes the information and illustrations to talk about celebrations and
	_	holidays in Costa Rica briefly.
	SP2.3	Constructs sentences with the information and the appropriate linkers or
		connecting words about celebrations and holidays in Costa Rica.
	SP2.4	Describes celebrations and holidays in Costa Rica briefly using sentence
	070	frames and illustrations.
SP.2. very simply describes how he/she	SP2.1	Investigates and determines the appropriate information to very simply

II Period		
Let's Celebrate Costa Rican Culture		
Assessment Strategies		Indicators of Learning
celebrates holidays and special occasions and		describe how he/she celebrates holidays and special occasions
inquiries about others.	SP2.2	Organizes the information and resources to very simply describes how
		he/she celebrates holidays and special occasions.
	SP2.3	Constructs sentences with the information and the appropriate linkers or
		connecting words to describe how he/she celebrates holidays and special
		occasions.
	SP2.4	Describes how he/she celebrates holidays and special occasions using
		sentence frames and inquiries about others.
W.1. completes gapped sentences using a word	W.1.	Identifies the appropriate words to complete gapped sentences by using
list.		context clues.
W.2. writes simple descriptions of holidays and	W2.1	Prewrites a list of ideas for a simple description of a holiday or a
celebrations.		celebration.
	W2.2	Drafts a simple description of a holiday or a celebration using the
		appropriate linkers or connecting words.
	W2.3	Revises the description with a focus on content and checking for errors in
		subject-verb agreement, capitalization, content, spelling, basic
		punctuation.
	W2.4	Edits the description by correcting mistakes before publishing.

II Period				
Let's Celebrate Costa Rican Culture				
Assessment Strategies		Indicators of Learning		
W.2. writes cards for a holiday.	W2.1	Prewrites a list of ideas for a card to give on a holiday.		
	W2.2	Drafts a card to give on a holiday using the appropriate linkers or connecting words.		
	W2.3	Revises a card to give on a holiday with a focus on content and checking subject-verb agreement, capitalization, content, spelling, basic punctuation and content.		
	W2.4	Edits a card to give on a holiday by correcting mistakes before publishing.		
W.2. writes invitations for a celebration.	W2.1	Prewrites a list of ideas for an invitation.		
	W2.2	Drafts an invitation using the appropriate linkers or connecting words.		
	W2.3	Revises an invitation with a focus on content and checking subject-verb agreement, capitalization, content, spelling, basic punctuation, and content. Edits an invitation before publishing.		
	V V Z T	Latto art invitation boloro publishing.		

II Period				
Getting from Here to There				
Assessment Strategies		Indicators of Learning		
L.1. follows simple directions on how to	L1. 1	Follows simple directions on how to get from one place to another, on foot or by		
get from one place to another, on foot or		public transport in conversations.		
by public transport.				
L.2. recognizes figures given in clear	L.2.1	Recognizes numbers given in clear announcements, for example at the airport		
announcements, for example at the		or at a bus station.		
airport or at a bus station.				
L.2. recognizes times given in clear	L.2.2	Recognizes times given in clear announcements, for example at the airport or at		
announcements, for example at the		a bus station.		
airport or at a bus station.				
L.3. recognizes instructions for games	L.3.1	Identifies key words in game's instructions.		
and follows teacher/students' modeling	L.3.2	Reproduces the instruction by following teacher/students' modeling of the		
of the activity.	L.3.2			
		activity.		
L.4. recognizes the main idea of	L.4.1	Recognizes the main ideas of presentations related to places, goods and		
presentations related to places, goods		services.		
and services.				
R.1. labels diagrams with appropriate	R1.1	Labels diagrams with appropriate pieces of familiar goods and services.		
pieces of familiar goods and services.				

II Period					
Getting from Here to There					
Assessment Strategies		Indicators of Learning			
R.2. identifies English language sounds	R2.1	Recognizes targeted sounds in words.			
using knowledge in phonics,	R2.2	Articulates the targeted sounds.			
syllabification and word parts.	R2.3	Produces targeted sounds in sentences in an oral or written form.			
R.3. recognizes familiar names of	R3.1	Recognizes familiar names of places, goods and services in short and simple			
places, goods and services in short and		texts.			
simple texts.					
R.4. recognizes main ideas of text when	R4.1	Recognizes the gist in texts about places, goods and services when			
accompanied by illustrations.		accompanied by illustrations.			
SI.1.1 expresses preferences about	S.1.1	Orally expresses preferences about places to visit, orally. For example: My			
places to visit.		favorite place is, I like, I love I prefer, I don't like			
SI.1 expresses preferences about ways	SI.1.1	Orally expresses preferences about ways to move around.			
to move around.					
SI.2. interacts in a simple way, asking and answering questions about places,	SI.2.1	Formulates yes/no questions to ask about places, where they are and how to get to them if they are articulated slowly and clearly			
where they are and how to get to them if they are articulated slowly and clearly.	SI.2.2	Correctly formulates wh- questions to ask about places, where they are and how to get to them.			
	SI.2.3	Interacts by making complete sentences to answer what is being asked about			

II Period					
Getting from Here to There					
Assessment Strategies		Indicators of Learning			
		places, where they are and how to get to them.			
SP.1. uses simple words to tell where a place is and ways to get there.	SP.1.1	Investigates and determines the appropriate information to tell where a place is and ways to get there.			
	SP.1.2	Tells where a place is and ways to get there.			
	SP2.1	Investigates and determines the appropriate information to describe places and ways to move around (towns, holiday resorts, car, plane, and bike).			
SP.2. describes places and ways to move around (towns, holiday resorts, car, plane, and bike).	SP2.2	Organizes the information and resources to describe places and ways to move around (towns, holiday resorts, car, plane, and bike).			
	SP2.3	Constructs complete sentences to describe places and ways to move around (towns, holiday resorts, car, plane, and bike).			
	SP2.4	Describes places and ways to move around (towns, holiday resorts, car, plane, and bike) using sentence frames.			
	SP3.1	Investigates and determines the appropriate information to describe briefly weekend or holiday plans.			
	SP3.2	Organizes the information and resources to describe briefly weekend or holiday plans.			

II Period				
Getting from Here to There				
Assessment Strategies	Indicators of Learning			
	SP3.3	Constructs complete sentences to describe briefly weekend or holiday plans.		
	SP3.4	Briefly describes weekend or holiday plans using sentence frames.		
W.1. fills in a hotel registration form with	W1.1	Fill in a hotel registration form with personal details.		
personal details.				
W.2. writes simple descriptions of places (e.g., location, direction, activities)	W2.1	Prewrites a list of ideas for a simple description of a place. (e.g., location,		
		direction, activities)		
	W2.2	Drafts a simple description of a place. (e.g., location, direction, activities) using		
		the appropriate linkers or connecting words.		
	W2.3	Revises the description with a focus on subject-verb agreement, capitalization,		
		content, spelling, basic punctuation.		
	W2.4	Edits the description before publishing.		

II Period My High School...Our place Scenario: **Indicators of Learning Assessment Strategies** L.1. identifies others' expressions of L1.1 Identifies expressions of interest related to likes and dislikes about interests regarding school activities subjects in conversations. (e.g. likes and dislikes, indicating L1.2 Identifies expressions of interest related to preferences in school preferences about subjects and school activities. activities). L.2. recognizes short, clear and simple Recognizes short, clear, and simple instructions learners need to follow L2.1 instructions and explanations when regarding the schedule at school. delivered slowly. L2.2 Recognizes short, clear, and simple explanations or descriptions regarding a schedule at school. L.3. recognizes the main points in short, L3.1 Recognizes specific details in short simple stories. simple stories. R.1. identifies English language sounds. R1.1 Recognizes targeted sounds in words. R1.2 Articulates long vowel sounds. R1.3 Produces dialogues/rhymes in an oral or written form.

II Period

Scenario: My High School...Our place

Assessment Strategies	Indicators of Learning		
R.2. discriminates important	R2.1	Decodes the main idea and specific details to answer questions about	
information in simple texts.		school activities and schedules.	
R.3. extracts the gist of short articles	R3.1	Identifies the topic of short articles and ads in age- appropriate	
and ads in age-appropriate magazines		magazines.	
(print and/or electronic).	R3.2	Recognizes the writer's message in short articles and ads in age- appropriate magazines.	
SI.1. expresses common interests about	SI1.1	Formulates questions related to common interests about school life in	
school life.		short conversations.	
	SI1. 2	Answers questions related to common interests about school life in short conversations.	
Sl.2. says what exactly he/she does not	SI.2.1	Expresses lack of understanding using survival language, orally. Ex. I	
understand and asks simply for		don't understand. Can you repeat again, please?	
clarification.			
SI.3.1 asks and answers straightforward	SI3.1.1	Formulates yes/no and wh- questions to ask for familiar situations about	
questions in familiar situations.		school life.	

II Period My High School...Our place Scenario: **Assessment Strategies Indicators of Learning** SI3.1.2 Answers yes/no and wh- questions related to familiar situations about school life. SP.1. Describes common interests SP.1.1 Investigates and determines the appropriate information to describe about school activities, the subjects common interests about school activities, subjects, and schedules. and schedules he or she has at school. SP1.2 Organizes the information and resources to describe common interests about school activities, subjects, and schedules. SP1.3 Makes sentences with the information and the appropriate linkers or connecting words to provide a clear and complete description of common interests about school activities, subjects, and schedules.

schedules.

through their friends/ and peers.

through friends/ and peers.

Describes common interests about school activities, subjects, and

Investigates and determines information to briefly explain high school

Organizes information and resources to briefly explain high school

SP1.4

SP2.1

SP2.2

SP.2. explains high school through

his/her friends/ peers briefly.

II Period My High School...Our place Scenario: **Assessment Strategies Indicators of Learning** SP2.3 Constructs sentences with information, resources and the appropriate linkers or connecting words to briefly explain high school through a friend's eyes. SP2.4 Relates brief, explanatory description of school preference. W.1. writes simple notices expressing W1.1 Prewrites simple sentences in a notice about interests, wants and interests, wants and preferences, either preferences. by hand or electronically. W1.2 Drafts a simple notice that includes heading (eye catcher) body (short sentences using key words and sentence frames, authority or contact person (person's name, phone, and e-mail) and the appropriate linkers or

connecting words.

punctuation) and content.

Revises the notice by checking written sentences to look for mistakes

related to subject-verb agreement, capitalization, spelling, and basic

Edits the notice by correcting the mistakes before publishing it.

Prewrites simple sentences about school day activities.

W1.3

W1.4

W2.1

W.2. writes an explanation of what they

II Period					
Scenario: My High SchoolOur place					
Assessment Strategies		Indicators of Learning			
do every day at school, with the help of	W2.2	Drafts an explanation about school day activities that includes a general			
illustrations.		statement and descriptive details. Includes an illustration and the appropriate linkers or connecting words.			
	W2.3	Revises the explanation by checking content and for mistakes related to subject-verb agreement, capitalization, spelling, and basic punctuation.			
	W2.4	Edits the explanation before publishing it.			

II Period			
Scenario: Let the Good Times Roll!			
Assessment Strategies	Indicators of Learning		
L.1. recognizes isolated, familiar words and	L.1.1	Recognizes familiar words and phrases in texts read aloud.	
phrases when listening to clear, slow, and			
basic text read aloud.			
L.2. recognizes important information from	L2.1	Recognizes important information to complete sentences with	
audio texts (e.g., sports announcements,		keywords about sports.	
sports scores) provided the message is			
delivered clearly.			
L.3. extracts the most important points in a	L3.1	Extracts the main idea and specific details in a conversation or	
straightforward conversation, story, account		story accompanied by drawings and/or diagrams about sports or	
or presentation accompanied by drawings		sports announcements.	
and/or diagrams.			
R.1. identifies English language sounds using	R1.1	Recognizes targeted sounds in words.	
knowledge in phonics, syllabification and	R1.2	Articulates the targeted sounds.	
word parts.	R1.3	Produces the targeted sound in sentences or dialogues in an oral	
		or written form.	

II Period			
Scenario: Let the Good Times Roll!			
Assessment Strategies		Indicators of Learning	
R.2. discriminates some key terminology from	R2.1	Identifies sports equipment by using illustrations.	
subject areas (e.g., labels on sports			
equipment).			
R.3. recognizes the main idea and two or three	R3.1	Identifies main ideas in texts written in simple language.	
specific details.	R3.2	Distinguishes specific details in texts written in simple language.	
R.4. recognizes most of what occurs in a well-	R4.1	Identifies the setting in a well-structured short story.	
structured short story and the story's main	R4.2	Identifies the characters in a well-structured short story.	
characters.	R4.3 Recognizes the main conflict/problem in a well-structured s		
		story.	
	R4.4	Recognizes the ending in a well-structured short story.	
SI.1. invites others to practice or attend	SI.1.1	Makes an invitation to a friend or classmate related to sports	
different sports.	SI.1.2	Provides invitation details such as the time, place, people present	
		at the activity and phrase of invitation (e.g. You should come!)	
SI.2. exchanges information about everyday	SI.2.1	Gives information about everyday matters in short conversations.	
matters using simple vocabulary.	SI.2.2	Asks for information about everyday matters in short	
		conversations.	

II Period				
Scenario: Let the Good Times Roll!				
Assessment Strategies		Indicators of Learning		
SI.3. asks questions about favorite sports,	SI.3.1	Formulates yes/no and wh- questions to ask for favorite sports,		
places to practice them, equipment needed,		places to practice them, equipment needed, outstanding players		
outstanding players and achievements.		and achievements in short conversations.		
SI.3. answers questions about favorite sports,	SI.3.2	Constructs complete sentences to answer questions about favorite		
places to practice them, equipment needed,		sports, places to practice them, equipment needed, outstanding		
outstanding players and achievements.		players and achievements in short conversations.		
SP.1. describes a day he/she will never forget	SP1.1	Investigates and determines the appropriate information to		
in sports.		describe an unforgettable day in sports.		
	SP1.2	Organizes the information and resources about an unforgettable		
		day in sports.		
	SP1.3	Makes sentences about an unforgettable day in sports.		
	SP1.4	Describes an event in an unforgettable day in sports.		
SP.2. explains briefly a sport, a sports team,	SP2.1	Investigates and determines information to briefly explain a sport, a		
or a videogame he/she knows well.		sports team, or a videogame they know well.		
	SP2.2	Organizes information and resources to briefly explain a sport, a		
		sports team, or a videogame they know well.		
	SP2.3	Makes sentences with information, resources and the appropriate		
		linkers or connecting words about a sport, a sports team, or a		
		videogame they know well.		

II Period			
Scen	the Good Times Roll!		
Assessment Strategies		Indicators of Learning	
	SP2.4	Briefly describes a sport, a sports team, or a videogame they know well.	
W.1. uses simple sentences and expressions	W1.1	Prewrites simple sentences and expressions to describe sports,	
to describe sports, videogames and leisure		videogames, and leisure activities.	
activities.	W1.2	Drafts a description about a sport, videogame, or a leisure activity	
		by following sentences frames learned in class and the appropriate	
		linkers or connecting words.	
	W1.3	Revises a description about a sport, videogame or a leisure activity	
		focusing on content and mistakes related to subject-verb	
		agreement, capitalization, spelling, and basic punctuation.	
	W1.4	Edits the description before publishing it.	
W.2. prepares simple reminders or notes	W2.1	Prewrites simple sentences regarding sports or videogames for	
regarding sports or videogames for personal		personal use.	
use.	W2.2	Drafts a simple reminder or note regarding sports or videogames	
		with the appropriate linkers or connecting words.	
	W2.3	Revises the simple reminder or note regarding sports or	
		videogames focusing on content and mistakes related to subject-	
		verb agreement, capitalization, spelling, and basic punctuation.	

II Period			
Scenario: Let the Good Times Roll!			
Assessment Strategies		Indicators of Learning	
	W3.1	Edits a simple reminder or note regarding sports or videogames	
		before publishing it.	
W.3. writes an introduction or conclusion to a	W3.1	Prewrites simple sentences for an introduction or conclusion to a	
story with the help of a dictionary.		story.	
	W3.2	Drafts an introduction which includes an attention grabber and	
		topic sentence with appropriate linkers or connecting words.	
		Or	
		Drafts a conclusion which restates the topic and adds a meaningful	
	final to the story with appropriate linkers or connecting word		
	W3.3 Revises either the introduction or conclusion to a story focu		
	content and mistakes related to subject-verb agreement,		
		capitalization, spelling, and basic punctuation.	
	W3.4 Edits either the introduction or conclusion to a story before		
		publishing it.	

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III Period **Scenario: Something to Celebrate! Assessment Strategies Indicators of Learning** L.1. recognizes main information in L1. 1 Recognizes the main idea in audios/videos about holidays, celebrations, short, straightforward audio. and festivals. L.2. distinguishes specific details in L2.1 Recognizes specific details of an advertisement related to holidays, an audio advertisement if it is celebrations, or festivals. delivered clearly and concerns a product and/or service of interest to the student. L.3. recognizes the gist of overheard L3.1 Recognizes the gist of the overheard conversations about festivals or conversations generally. celebrations. R.1. identifies English language R1.1 Recognizes targeted sounds in words. sounds using knowledge in phonics, R1.2 Articulates the targeted sounds. syllabification and word parts. R1.3 Produces the targets sounds in sentences in an oral or written form. R.2. discriminates a set of clear-cut R2.1 Follows the instructions by using pictures or sentences about festivals or celebrations. instructions (e.g., what to do if you attend a festival or celebration), especially if there are pictures.

III Period Scenario: Something to Celebrate! Assessment Strategies Indicators of Learning R.3. distinguishes chronological R3.1 Identifies the events about festivals or celebrations. order within special sentence R3.2 Recognizes sequence words (e.g., first, then, finally) in texts related to a structures. holiday, a festival, or a celebration. SI.1. asks about local holidays, SI1.1 Formulates yes/no wh- questions to ask about local holidays, celebrations, celebrations, and festivals in in and festivals in in Costa Rica, Latin America and around the world. Costa Rica, Latin America and around the world SI.2. answers about holidays and SI.2.1 Makes complete sentences to answer questions about local holidays, celebrations, and festivals in in Costa Rica, Latin America and around the festivals in Latin America and around the world. world.

Makes a polite oral invitation.

SI3.1

SI3. 2

SI.3. accepts or refuses invitations

politely.

SP.1. describes holidays,

celebrations, and festivals in

general.

Accepts/refuses invitations using appropriate phrases. (I would love that!)

III Period Scenario: Something to Celebrate! **Assessment Strategies Indicators of Learning** SP1.3 Constructs sentences to describe a specific holiday, celebration or festival with the appropriate linkers or connecting words in an oral presentation. SP1.4 Describes a specific holiday, celebration, or festival in an oral presentation. SP.2. describes what he/she did on SP2.1 Investigates and determines appropriate information to describe the most his /her last holiday. recent holiday in an oral presentation. SP2.2 Organizes the information and resources to describe the most recent holiday in an oral presentation. SP2.3 Makes sentences with the information, resources and the appropriate linkers or connecting words about the most recent holiday in an oral presentation. SP2.4 Describes the most recent holiday using sequential-words and the past tense. (first, then, after that, finally) in an oral presentation. W.1. Writes short messages, for W1.1 Prewrites a message to make or change an invitation or an appointment. example to make or change an W1.2 Drafts a polite message that includes the activity, a necessary change, invitation or an appointment to meet details and any other important information along with appropriate linkers or on a holiday, a festival, or a connecting words.

III Period				
Scenario: Something to Celebrate!				
Assessment Strategies	Indicators of Learning			
celebration.	W1.3	Revises the message focusing on content and mistakes related to subject-		
		verb agreement, capitalization, spelling, and basic punctuation.		
	W1.4	Edits the messages before publishing.		
W.2 Writes a text message, or a	W2.1	Prewrites simple sentences for a text message or a postcard/e-postcard		
postcard/e-postcard to friends to		about holidays, festivals, or celebrations.		
give news about holidays, festivals,	W2.2	Drafts simple sentences for a text message or a postcard/e-postcard about		
or celebrations.		holidays, festivals or celebrations with the appropriate linkers or connect		
		words.		
	W2.3	Revises simple sentences for a text message or postcard/e-postcard about		
		holidays, festivals, or celebrations focusing on content and mistakes related		
		to subject-verb agreement, capitalization, spelling, and basic punctuation.		
	W2.4	Edits simple sentences before publishing.		

III Period				
Going Shopping!				
Assessment Strategies		Indicators of Learning		
L.1. recognizes the main idea of a presentation	L1.1	Recognizes main ideas of a presentation on a topic when		
on a topic when the subject is familiar to them,		the subject is familiar, and it is delivered slowly.		
and it is delivered slowly.				
L.2. discriminates simple technical explanations	L2.1	Recalls simple technical explanations if given slowly and		
if given slowly and clearly and opportunity is		clearly and opportunity is given for clarification.		
given for clarification.				
R.1. identifies English language sounds using	R1.1	Recognizes targeted sounds in words.		
knowledge in phonics, syllabification and word	R1.2	Articulates the targeted sounds.		
parts.	171.2	, it it dialates the targeted estimate.		
	R1.3	Produces the targeted sounds in sentences in an oral or		
		written form.		
R.2. discriminates short instructions illustrated	R2.1	Follows short instructions illustrated through step-by-step		
through step-by-step visuals (e.g., following		visuals (e.g., following simple map's directions).		
simple map's directions).				
R.3. discriminates directions for getting to a	R3.1	Follows directions for getting to a place, using everyday		
place, using everyday reference material (e.g.,		reference materials (e.g., advertising material and city		
advertising material and city maps, GPS		maps, GPS gadgets).		
gadgets).				

III Period				
Going Shopping!				
Assessment Strategies		Indicators of Learning		
SI.1. asks appropriate questions during a	SI.1.1	Formulates yes/no and wh- questions to ask about		
conversation to ensure that the other person		shopping events and experiences.		
understands points being made or information				
being given.				
SI.2. asks someone to say something more	SI.2.1	Expresses lack of understanding using survival language,		
clearly, to explain something a different way, or		orally. Ex. I don't understand. Can you repeat again,		
to repeat what has been said.		please? Can you explain it in a different way, please?		
SP.1. gives recommendations about convenient	SP.1.1	Investigates and determines the appropriate information		
places to buy something.		and visuals to give recommendations about convenient		
		places to buy something in a well-organized presentation.		
	SP.1. 2	Organizes the information and visuals to give		
		recommendations about convenient places to buy		
		something in a well-organized presentation.		
	SP.1.3	Constructs sentences with the information and with the		
		appropriate linkers or connecting words to		
		recommendations about convenient places to buy		
		something in a well-organized presentation.		
	SP.1.4	Delivers a well-organized presentation with		
		recommendations about convenient places to buy		

III Period			
Going Shopping!			
Assessment Strategies		Indicators of Learning	
		something.	
SP.2. tells a simple direction (e.g., how to get to	SP.2.1	Investigates and determines the appropriate information	
a location) as well as offers simple explanations		and visuals to give a simple direction (e.g., how to get to a	
to others.		location) as well as to offer simple explanations to others.	
	SP.2.2	Organizes the information and visuals to give a simple	
		direction (e.g., how to get to a location) as well as to offer	
		simple explanations to others.	
	SP.2. 3	Constructs sentences with the information and the	
		appropriate linkers or connecting words to give a simple	
		direction (e.g., how to get to a location) as well as to offer	
		simple explanations to others.	
	SP.2.4	Gives simple direction (e.g., how to get to a location) as	
		well as offers simple explanations to others.	
W.1. writes recommendations about going	W1.1	Prewrites a list of ideas for giving recommendations about	
shopping wisely.		going shopping wisely.	
	W1.2	Drafts recommendations about going shopping wisely	
		using the appropriate linkers or connecting words.	
	W1.3	Revises the recommendations about going shopping	
		wisely by looking for mistakes related to subject-verb	

III Period				
Going Shopping!				
Assessment Strategies	Indicators of Learning			
		agreement, capitalization, content, spelling, basic punctuation, and content.		
	W1.4	Edits recommendations about going shopping wisely before publishing.		
W.2. writes straightforward text on topics	W2.1	Prewrites a list of ideas about shopping events and		
familiar to them.		experiences.		
	W2.2	Drafts a straightforward text about shopping events and		
		experiences using the appropriate linkers or connecting		
		words.		
	W2.3	Revises a straightforward text about shopping events and		
		experiences by looking for mistakes related to subject-		
		verb agreement, capitalization, content, spelling, basic		
		punctuation, and content.		
	W2.4	Edits a straightforward text about shopping events and		
		experiences before publishing.		
W.3. writes a summary sentence of a text's main	W3.1	Prewrites a list of a text's main idea and one or two		
points, giving one or two details.		specific details.		
	W3.2	Drafts a summary sentence of a text main points, idea		

III Period Going Shopping!			
Assessment Strategies	Assessment Strategies Indicators of Learning		
		giving one or two details using the appropriate linkers or connecting words.	
	W3.3	Revises a summary sentence of a text by looking for mistakes related to subject-verb agreement, capitalization, content, spelling, basic punctuation, and content.	
	W3.4	Edits a summary sentence of a text before publishing.	

III Period		
Unforgettable Events		
Assessment Strategies		Indicators of Learning
L.1. identifies learners' contributions in	L.1. 1	Identifies learners' contributions in class, orally.
class, and uses these responses as	L.1. 2	Uses learners' contributions in class as models for their own, orally.
models for their own.		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
L.2. distinguishes the main points of an	L.2.1	Recognizes main idea and specific details of an age-appropriate audio-
age-appropriate audio-visual		visual presentation, news items, reporting events or accidents.
presentation, news items, reporting		
events, accidents.		
L.3. recognizes the gist of a short text	L.3.1	Recognizes the gist of a short text when read aloud clearly and slowly
when read aloud clearly and slowly.		about unforgettable events (who is the text aimed at? Where does the
		text come from?).
R.1. identifies English language sounds	R.1.1	Recognizes targeted sounds in words.
using knowledge in phonics,	R.1.2	Articulates the targeted sounds.
syllabification and word parts.		
	R.1.3	Produces the targeted sounds in dialogues in an oral or written form.
R.2. extracts main ideas from diagrams,	R.2.1	Selects the main idea from a diagram with accompanying text about
with accompanying text to answer		unforgettable events to answer questions if when given lead-in phrases.
questions if given lead-in phrases.		

III Period			
Unforgettable Events			
Assessment Strategies		Indicators of Learning	
R.3. recognizes the main information	R.3.1	Recognizes the main idea in short articles and reports (e.g., a national or	
and a few details in short articles and		world event) if they deal with familiar subjects	
reports (e.g., a national or world event)	R.3.2	Recognizes a few specific details in short articles and reports (e.g., a	
if they deal with familiar subjects.		national or world event) if they deal with familiar subjects	
SI.1. asks for assistance (e.g.,	SI.1.1	Communicates the need for assistance, using simple phrases and	
understanding textbook problems,		memorized patterns orally. Ex. Can you help me? Can you give me a	
asking for clarification of vocabulary,		hand with this? Could you help me for a second?	
terminology).			
SI.2.1 asks questions about a personal,	SI.2.1.1	Formulates yes/no and wh- questions to ask about a personal, family,	
family, national or worldwide event.		national or worldwide event, orally.	
SI.2.2 answers questions about a	SI.2. 2.1	Constructs complete sentences to answer questions about a personal,	
personal, family, national or worldwide		family, national or worldwide event, orally.	
event.			
SP.1. uses simple words to give his/her	SP.1.1	Prepares ideas to give opinions about a personal, family, national or	
opinion about a personal, family,		worldwide event, orally.	
national or worldwide event.	SP.1.2	Constructs complete sentences to give opinions about a personal,	
		family, national or worldwide event, orally.	
SP.2. describes events using simple	SP.2.1	Investigates and determines the appropriate information to describe a	

III Period			
Unforgettable Events			
Assessment Strategies		Indicators of Learning	
words or sentences frames about a		personal, family, national or worldwide event in a well-organized	
personal, family, national or worldwide		presentation.	
event.	SP.2. 2	Organizes the information and resources to describe a personal, family,	
		national or worldwide event in a well-organized presentation.	
	SP.2.3	Constructs complete sentences to describe a personal, family, national	
		or worldwide event by using simple words or sentences frames in a well-	
		organized presentation.	
	SP.2. 4	Describes a personal, family, national or worldwide event in a well-	
		organized presentation.	
SP.3. explains reasons for an event	SP.3.1	Investigates and determines information to explain reasons for an event	
briefly (electronic device, pet, new		briefly in a well-organized presentation.	
bridge in the town, a flood, airport,	SP.3.2	Organizes information and resources to explain reasons for an event	
human rights).		briefly in a well-organized presentation.	
	SP.3. 3	Constructs sentences with information, resources and the appropriate	
		linkers or connecting words to explain reasons for an event briefly in a	
		well-organized presentation.	
	SP.3.4	Gives reasons for an event briefly in a well-organized presentation.	
W.1 writes short dialogues about	W.2.1	Prewrites ideas for a short dialogue about personal events by using a	

III Period		
Unforgettable Events		
Assessment Strategies	Indicators of Learning	
personal events by using a text as a		text as a stimulus.
stimulus.	W.2.2	Drafts sentences for a short dialogue about personal events using the appropriate linkers or connecting words.
	W.2.3	Revises a short dialogue about personal events focusing on content and mistakes related to subject-verb agreement, capitalization, spelling, and basic punctuation.
	W.2.4	Edits a short dialogue about personal events before publishing it.
W.2. gives personal reactions to a piece of age-appropriate literature related to	W.2.1	Prewrites ideas reacting to a piece of age-appropriate literature related to personal, family, national or worldwide event.
personal, family, national or worldwide event, checking written sentences to look for mistakes (e.g. subject verbagreement, capitalization, spelling,	W.2.2 Drafts sentences reacting to a piece of age-app	J J
basic punctuation)	W.2.3	Revises sentences reacting to a piece of age-appropriate literature related to personal, family, national or worldwide event focusing on content and mistakes related to subject-verb agreement, capitalization, spelling, and basic punctuation.

III Period		
Unforgettable Events		
Assessment Strategies	Indicators of Learning	
	W.2.4	Edits sentences reacting to a piece of age-appropriate literature related
		to personal, family, national or worldwide event before publishing it.

III Period			
Amazing Costa Rica			
Assessment Strategies		Indicators of Learning	
L.1. recognizes verbal instructions	L.1.1	Recognizes, verbal instruction in conversations.	
related to the topic.			
L.2. discriminates key words related to	L.2.1	Selects key words related to the same topic in conversations.	
the topic when a text is being read			
aloud.			
L.3. retells the main idea of media	L.3.1	Identifies the topic of media presentations on familiar events or places.	
presentations on familiar events or	L.3.2	Recognizes the main idea of media presentations on familiar events or	
places.		places.	
	L.3.3	Recaps events presented in a sequential order including the main idea	
		and specific details.	
R.1. identifies English language sounds	R1.1	Recognizes targeted sounds in words.	
using knowledge in phonics,	R1.2	Articulates the targeted sounds.	
syllabification and word parts.	D4.0		
	R1.3	Produces the targeted sounds in sentences or dialogues in an oral or	
		written form.	
R.2. distinguishes the most important	R.2.1	Recognizes the main idea, and specific details in short narratives with	
information in short narratives with		some illustrations as support.	

III Period			
Amazing Costa Rica			
Assessment Strategies		Indicators of Learning	
some illustrations as support.			
R.3. recognizes links and connections	R.3.1	Identifies similarities or differences related to travel events in e-mails,	
between events related to traveling in		web chats, postcards, or short letters.	
e-mails, web chats, postcards, or short	R.3.2	Recognizes causes and effects related to travel events in e-mails, web	
letters.		chats, postcards, or short letters.	
	R.3.3	Recognizes time sequence in e-mails, web chats, postcards, or short	
		letters.	
SI.1. suggests different things to do,	SI.1.	Recommends things to do and places to go in his/her country, orally.	
places to go in his/her country.			
SI.2.1 asks simple questions about	SI.2.1.1	Formulates yes/no and wh- questions to ask about different tourist	
different tourist attractions.		attractions in short conversations.	
SI.2.2 answers simple questions about	SI.2.2.1	Constructs complete sentences to answer yes/no and wh- questions	
different tourist attractions.		about different tourist attractions in short conversations.	
SI.3. asks simple questions about	SI.3.1.1	Formulates yes/no and wh- questions to ask about vacation plans in	
vacation plans and provides some brief		short conversations.	
indications of reasons for their			
opinions.			

III Period		
Amazing Costa Rica		
Assessment Strategies		Indicators of Learning
SI.3. answers simple questions about	SI.3.2.1	Constructs complete sentences to answer yes/no and wh- questions
vacation plans and provides some brief		about vacation plans and briefly provides reasons for their opinions in
indications of reasons for their		short conversations.
opinions.		
SP.1. summarizes a short story	SP1.1	Investigates and determines the appropriate information and visuals to
expressed in a simple sequence of		summarize a short story expressed in a simple sequence of events in a
events.		well-organized presentation.
	SP1.2	Organizes the information and visuals to summarize a short story
		expressed in a simple sequence of events in a well-organized
		presentation.
	SP1.3	Constructs sentences to summarize a short story expressed in a simple
		sequence of events in a well-organized presentation.
	SP1.4	Presents a summary of a short story expressed in a simple sequence of
		events in a well-organized presentation.
SP.2. describes simple steps to enjoy a	SP.2.1	Investigates and determines information and visuals to describe how to
touristic activity (e.g., "Then, wear a life		enjoy a touristic activity.
jacket and a pair of comfortable	SP.2. 2	Organizes the information and visuals to describe how to enjoy a
shoes.", "Take a cold shower after		touristic activity.

III Period		
Amazing Costa Rica		
Assessment Strategies		Indicators of Learning
enjoying the hot springs."	SP.2.3	Constructs sentences with the information and with the appropriate
		linkers or connecting words to describe how to enjoy a touristic activity in
		a well-organized presentation.
	SP.2. 4	Presents a well-organized description about how to enjoy a touristic
		activity.
SP.3. describes familiar places and	SP.3.1	Investigates and determines the appropriate information and visuals to
tourist attractions using simple		describe familiar places and tourist attractions in a well-organized
vocabulary and language		presentation.
constructions.	SP.3.2	Organizes the information and visuals to describe familiar places and
		tourist attractions in a well-organized presentation.
	SP.3.3	Constructs sentences using simple vocabulary and language
		constructions to describe familiar places and tourist attractions.
	SP.3.4	Presents a well-organized description about familiar places and tourist
		attractions using simple vocabulary and language constructions.
W.1. writes a timeline of a dream	W.2.1	Prewrites ideas for a timeline of a dream vacation.
vacation.	W.2.2	Drafts sentences for a timeline of a dream vacation using the appropriate
		linkers or connecting words.
	W.2.3	Revises the sentences for a timeline of a dream vacation focusing on

III Period			
Amazing Costa Rica			
Assessment Strategies		Indicators of Learning	
		content and mistakes related to subject-verb agreement, capitalization,	
		spelling, and basic punctuation.	
	W.2.4	Edits the timeline of a dream vacation before publishing it.	
W.2. writes a brochure with the aid of a	W.2.1	Prewrites ideas for a brochure about a Costa Rica's tourist attraction.	
writing frame, checking written sentences to look for mistakes (e.g.	W.2.2	Drafts sentences for a brochure using a writing frame about a Costa Rica's tourist attraction and the appropriate linkers or connecting words.	
subject-verb agreement, capitalization, spelling, basic punctuation, etc.)	W.2.3	Revises the brochure focusing on content and by paying attention to mistakes related to subject-verb agreement, capitalization, spelling, and basic punctuation.	
	W.2.4	Edits the brochure before publishing it.	

III Period			
Scenario: Time to Have Fun!			
Assessment Strategies		Indicators of Learning	
L.1. recognizes specific information when people speak at normal speed about leisure activities.	L.1.1	Recognizes the main idea and supporting details from a conversation about leisure activities in conversations.	
L.2. discriminates main ideas and key	L.2.1	Recognizes the main idea in audio announces or teacher explanations about leisure activities.	
points.	L.2.2	Recognizes supporting details in audio announces or teacher explanations about leisure activities.	
R.1. extracts the important information in simple, clearly drafted print materials.	R1.1	Extracts the main idea and supporting details in simple, clearly drafted print materials about leisure activities.	
R.2. identifies English language sounds	R2.1	Recognizes targeted sounds in words.	
using knowledge in phonics, syllabification and word parts	R2.2	Articulates the targeted sounds in sounds.	
	R2.3	Produces the targeted sounds in dialogues in an oral or written form.	
R.3. distinguishes important information.	R3.1	Recognizes important information on the label of packages (directions for use or instructions for preparation).	
R.4. extracts the main points and supporting details in simple, clearly drafted print	R4.1	Extracts the main idea in clearly drafted print materials (school handouts, brochures, letters and messages or newspapers).	

III Period			
Scenario: Time to Have Fun!			
Assessment Strategies		Indicators of Learning	
materials.	R4.2	Demonstrates comprehension of supporting details by answering literal	
		questions in clearly drafted print materials (school handouts, brochures,	
		letters and messages or newspapers).	
	SI.1.1	Asks and answers questions about free time activities in short	
SI.1. discusses different things to do for fun.		conversations.	
	SI.1.2	Uses verbal and nonverbal cues to ensure equal participation by all members in short conversations.	
SI.2. asks questions about experiences, events, past experiences	SI.2.1.1	Formulates yes/no and wh- questions to ask about experiences, events, past experiences in short exchanges.	
SI.2. answers questions about experiences, events, past experiences.	SI.2.2.2	Constructs complete sentences to answer yes/no and wh- questions about experiences, events, past experiences in short exchanges.	
SP.1. describes experiences, events and	SP1.1	Investigates and determines the appropriate information, visuals to give a presentation about experiences, events and storytelling related to exercise, sports, and games.	
storytelling related to exercise, sports and games.	SP1.2	Organizes the information and visuals to give a presentation about experiences, events and storytelling related to exercise, sports, and games.	
	SP1.3	Constructs sentences with the information and with the appropriate linkers or connecting words to give a well-organized presentation about	

III Period		
Scenario: Time to Have Fun!		
Assessment Strategies	Indicators of Learning	
		experiences, events and storytelling related to exercise, sports, and games.
	SP1.4	Presents a well-organized description about experiences, events and storytelling related to exercise, sports, and games.
SP.2. describes what is occurring in a film or book and indicates his/her personal opinion.	SP2.1	Investigates and determines the appropriate information and visuals to give a presentation about what is occurring in a film or book and indicates opinion.
	SP2.2	Organizes the information and visuals to give a presentation about what is occurring in a film or book and indicates opinion.
	SP2.3	Constructs sentences with the information and the appropriate linkers or connecting words to give a well-organized presentation about what is occurring in a film or book and indicates opinion.
	SP2.4	Presents a well-organized description about what is occurring in a film or book and indicates opinion.
	W1.1	Prewrites a list of ideas that include personal experiences-
W.1. writes a short description of personal experiences without using an aid, such as a	W1.2	Drafts a description with the listed ideas and with the appropriate linkers or connecting words about personal experiences.
dictionary.	W1.3	Revises the description by looking for mistakes related to subject-verb agreement, capitalization, spelling, use of commas and content.

III Period		
Scenario: Time to Have Fun!		
Assessment Strategies	Indicators of Learning	
	W1.4	Edits the description before publishing.

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IV Period		
Scenario: Online & Connected		
Assessment Strategies	Indicators of Learning	
L.1. identifies some colloquial	L.1.1	Identifies colloquial expressions in audio texts related to media,
expressions related to media, virtual		virtual communities, apps, and media safety by using pictures or
communities, apps and media safety.		drawings.
	L.2.1	Extracts the main idea of audio texts about media, virtual
L.2. extracts the main idea and key		communities, apps, and media safety by using pictures or
points/details of audio text if the topic is		drawings.
familiar and the text can be replayed	L.2.2	Selects supporting details in audio texts about media, virtual
		communities, apps, and media safety by using pictures or
		drawings.
R.1. discriminates simple instructions	R1.1	Recognizes simple instructions with some visual support about
with some visual support (e.g., safe use		the safe use of social networks.
of social networks).		
	R2.1	Recognizes targeted sounds in words.
R.2. manipulates English language	R2.2	Articulates the targeted sounds.
sounds using knowledge in phonics,	1\2.2	Attioulates the targeted sounds.
syllabification and word parts.	R2.3	Produces the targeted sounds in dialogues in an oral or written
		form.

IV Period		
Scenario: Online & Connected		
Assessment Strategies	Indicators of Learning	
R.3. distinguishes between factual and	R3.1	Distinguishes information related to facts or fiction from a text
fictional text.		about media, virtual communities, apps, and media safety.
SI.1.1 asks for opinions about the latest	SI.1.1.1	Formulates yes/no and wh- questions to ask for opinions about
media, virtual communities, and apps.		the latest media, virtual communities, and apps.
SI.1.2 gives opinions about the latest	SI.1.2.1	Constructs complete sentences to give opinions about the latest
media, virtual communities, and apps.		media, virtual communities, and apps.
SI.2. expresses comments about media,	SI.2.1	Expresses ideas to comment on media, virtual communities,
virtual communities, apps and safety		apps, and safety in a small group situation.
and otherwise contributes, in a small		
group situation.		
	SP1.1	Investigates and determines the appropriate information and
		visuals to give a presentation about media, apps, virtual
		communities, and networks.
SP.1. describes media, apps, virtual	004.0	
communities and networks.	SP1.2	Organizes the information and visuals to give a presentation
		about media, apps, virtual communities, and networks.
	SP1.3	Constructs sentences with the information and with the
		appropriate linkers or connecting words to give a well-organized

		IV Period
Scenario: Online & Connected		
Assessment Strategies	Indicators of Learning	
		presentation about media, apps, virtual communities, and networks.
	SP1.4	Presents a well-organized description about media, apps, virtual communities, and networks.
SP.2. describes experiences with media, apps, virtual communities and networks.	SP2.1	Investigates and determines the appropriate information and visuals to give a presentation about experiences with media, apps, virtual communities, and networks.
	SP2.2	Organizes the information and visuals to give a presentation about experiences with media, apps, virtual communities, and networks.
	SP2.3	Constructs sentences with the information and with the appropriate linkers or connecting words to give a well-organized presentation about experiences with media, apps, virtual communities, and networks.
	SP2.4	Presents a well-organized description about experiences with media, apps, virtual communities, and networks.

IV Period		
Scenario: Online & Connected		
Assessment Strategies		Indicators of Learning
SP.3. summarizes a simple story/information he/she read about media, apps, virtual communities and networks relying on language used in the story.	SP3.1 SP3.2	Investigates and determines the appropriate information and visuals to summarize a simple story/information he/she read about media, apps, virtual communities, and networks. Organizes the information and visuals to summarize a simple story/information he/she read about media, apps, virtual communities, and networks Constructs sentences with the information and with the appropriate linkers or connecting words to give a well-organized presentation to summarize a simple story/information he/she read about media, apps, virtual communities, and networks.
W.1. writes about an event using simple, coherent, and well-written	SP4.4 W1.1	Presents a well-organized summary of a simple story/information he/she read about media, apps, virtual communities, and networks. Prewrites a list of ideas about an event that include characters, plot and setting.
sentences.	W1.2	Drafts a narrative paragraph with the listed ideas about an event including linkers: sequential-past time and discourse markers. (on

IV Period		
Scenario: Online & Connected		
Assessment Strategies	Indicators of Learning	
		the other hand, however)
	W1.3	Revises a narrative paragraph about an event with a focus on
		subject-verb agreement, capitalization, content, spelling, use of
		commas, use of linkers: sequential-past time and discourse
		markers. (on the other hand, however.
	W1.4	Edits a narrative paragraph about an event before publishing.
	W2.1	Prewrites a list of ideas for an e-mail about media, apps, virtual
		communities, or networks.
	W2.2	Drafts an e-mail about media, apps, virtual communities, or
		networks including subject, sender, date and time, received (on),
W.2. writes an e-mail about media,		reply- to, recipient to, recipient email address, body with the
apps, virtual communities, or networks.		appropriate linkers or connecting words and attachments.
	W2.3	Revises an e-mail about media, apps, virtual communities, or
		networks with a focus on subject-verb agreement, pronouns and
		article agreement, capitalization, content, spelling, use of
		commas to punctuate, abbreviations.

IV Period			
Scenario: Online & Connected			
Assessment Strategies	Indicators of Learning		
	W2.4	Edita an a mail about madia, appa virtual communities, or	
	VVZ.4	Edits an e-mail about media, apps, virtual communities, or	
		networks before publishing.	

IV Period			
Scenario: Lights, Camera & Action			
Assessment Strategies		Indicators of Learning	
L.1. gets the gist of a dialogue in a	L1.1	Identifies the topic of a dialogue in a movie, a trailer for a film or	
movie, a trailer for a film, or the events		in a news story supported by visuals.	
in a news story when the visuals	L1.2	Summarizes the events in a movie, a trailer for a film or in a news	
provide contextual support.		story supported by visuals.	
L.2. recognizes the main idea of an	L2.1	Recognizes the main idea in audio-visual presentations about a	
age-appropriate audio-visual		movie, a trailer for a film or the events in a news story.	
presentation.			
L.3. distinguishes the main idea in	L3.1	Recognizes the main idea in media presentations on familiar	
media presentations on familiar		events or places.	
events or places delivered clearly, and			
at a slow pace.			
R.1. identifies the important	R1.1	Identifies the specific details in T.V. guides, newspapers to	
information in simple, clearly drafted		answer literal questions such as who, why, what, when, which	
print materials such as T.V. guides,		and how.	
newspapers provided.			
R.2. manipulates English language	R2.1	Recognizes targeted sounds in words.	
sounds using knowledge in phonics,	R2.2	Articulates the targeted sounds.	

IV Period		
Scenario: Lights, Camera & Action		
Assessment Strategies		Indicators of Learning
syllabification and word parts.	R2.3	Produces the targeted sounds in sentences in an oral or written
		form
R.3. extracts subject specific words	R3.1	Extracts subject specific words when encountered in text.
when encountered in text.		
R.4.discriminates the main idea and	R4.1	Recognizes the main idea in straightforward letters and physical
supporting details in straightforward		or electronic messages.
letters and physical electronic	R4.2	Recognizes supporting details in straightforward letters and
messages.		physical or electronic messages.
SI.1. starts, sustains and closes	SI1.1	Initiates a telephone conversation by greeting and making a
simple face to face or telephone		statement.
conversations with peers though	SI1.2	Sustains the telephone conversation by checking understanding
there may be some difficulty in		from the speaker's point of view or listener's point of view.
understanding and being understood	SI1.3	Sustains the telephone conversation by adding a new topic.
from time to time.	SI1.4	Closes the telephone conversation by using a leave-taking.
SP.1. describes what is occurring in a	SP1.1	Investigates and determines the appropriate information and
film or book and indicates his/her		visuals to give a presentation about what is occurring in a film or
personal opinion about it.		book and indicates an opinion.

IV Period		
Scenario: Lights, Camera & Action		
Assessment Strategies		Indicators of Learning
	SP1.2	Organizes the information and visuals to give a presentation about what is occurring in a film or book and indicates an his/her opinion about it.
	SP1.3	Makes sentences with the information and with the appropriate linkers or connecting words to give a well-organized presentation about what is occurring in a film or book and indicates an opinion about it.
	SP1.4	Gives a well-organized presentation about what is occurring in a film or book and indicates an opinion about it.
	SP2.1	Investigates and determines the appropriate information and visuals to dramatize a TV show/news.
SP.2. gives a short, prepared presentation dramatizing a TV show/news.	SP2.2	Organizes the information and visuals to dramatize a TV show/news.
	SP2.3	Constructs sentences with the information and with the appropriate linkers or connecting words to dramatize a TV show/news.
	SP2.4	Gives a well-organized presentation about a TV show/news.
W.1. writes simple, short descriptions	W1.1	Prewrites a list of ideas that include personal experiences related
of TV programs, the best show,		to TV programs, the best show, documentaries, and news.

IV Period		
Scenario: Lights, Camera & Action		
Assessment Strategies		Indicators of Learning
documentaries and news without	W1.2	Drafts a description with the listed ideas about TV programs, the
using an aid, such as a dictionary.		best show, documentaries, and news using the appropriate
		linkers or connecting words.
	W1.3	Revises the description focusing on content and mistakes related
		to subject-verb agreement, capitalization, content, spelling, and
		basic punctuation-
	W1.4	Edits the description before publishing.
	W2.1	Prewrites a list of ideas for a personal reaction to film reviews.
	W2.2	Drafts a personal reaction with the listed ideas to film reviews
		using the appropriate linkers or connecting words.
W.2. writes personal reactions to film	W2.3	Revises a personal reaction to film reviews focusing on content
reviews.		and by looking for mistakes related to subject-verb agreement,
		capitalization, spelling, and use of commas.
	W2.4	Edits a personal reaction to film reviews before publishing.

IV Period			
In the Public Eye			
Assessment Strategies		Indicators of Learning	
L.1. identifies information in small	L.1. 1	Identifies the position of each speaker from a small group discussion	
group discussions between two or		between two or more native speakers in a video recording.	
more native speakers if that			
conversation is unhurried and if the			
student is familiar with the topic			
under discussion in a video			
recording.			
L.2. summarizes the main points of	L.2. 1	Identifies the main idea and supporting details of a relatively long	
a relatively long discussion if it		discussion if it concerns a familiar topic and if the people involved use	
concerns a familiar topic and if the		Standard English and do not speak too quickly.	
people involved use Standard	L.2.2	Summarizes the main idea and supporting details of a relatively long	
English and do not speak too		discussion with the appropriate linkers or connecting words.	
quickly.			
L.3. retells main ideas/concepts and	L.3.1	Recognizes the main idea and supporting details in a news broadcast	
key points/details in a news		supported by visuals.	
broadcast (television, Internet) when	L.3. 2	Summarizes events presented in a sequential order including the main	
visuals support the message.		idea and supporting details.	
R.1. identifies relevant information	R.1.1	Identifies the main idea in news.	

IV Period			
In the Public Eye			
Assessment Strategies	Indicators of Learning		
and draws conclusions.	R.1.2	Draws conclusions from news.	
R.2. Recognizes English language	R.2.1	Recognizes targeted sounds in words.	
sounds using knowledge in	R.2.2	Articulates the targeted sounds.	
phonics, syllabification and word	14.2.2	/ inculated the targeted dealide.	
parts.	R.2.3	Produces the targeted sounds in sentences in an oral or written form	
R.3. Discriminates information in	R.3. 1	Recognizes the main idea and supporting details in factual texts, simple	
factual texts and simple reports on		reports, charts, graphs, movie review or interviews about national role	
familiar topics (e.g., charts and		models or outstanding figures to society.	
graphs, movie review, and			
interviews).			
SI.1. offers an opinion and	SI.1. 1	Gives opinions about outstanding figures' positive and questionable	
comments about outstanding		actions in readings, texts, reports, and breaking news examined in class	
figures' positive and questionable		in a small group situation.	
actions in readings, texts, reports,			
and breaking news examined in			
class in a small group situation.			
SI.2. interviews others about	SI.2.1	Formulates yes/no and wh questions for an interview about nationally	

IV Period			
In the Public Eye			
Assessment Strategies	Indicators of Learning		
nationally and internationally		and internationally outstanding figures.	
outstanding figures if the questions	SI.2.2	Exchanges personal experiences, feelings, opinions, and reactions about	
have been prepared beforehand.		nationally and internationally outstanding figures by participating in an	
Sometimes, pose a further question		interview.	
without having to pause very long to			
formulate the question.	SI.2.3	Asks further questions to expand the interview.	
	SP.1.1	Investigates and determines the appropriate information to describe personal and other people's stories of success in a well-organized presentation.	
SP.1. describes personal and other people's stories of success.	SP.1.2	Organizes the information and resources to describe personal and other people's stories of success by using sentence frames and the appropriate linkers or connecting words in a well-organized presentation.	
	SP.1.3	Presents the description of personal and other people's stories of success in a well-organized presentation.	
SP.2. describes contributions of	SP.2.1	Investigates and determines the appropriate information to describe	
nationally and internationally		contributions of nationally and internationally outstanding figures in a	
outstanding figures.		well-organized presentation.	

IV Period			
In the Public Eye			
Assessment Strategies	Indicators of Learning		
	SP.2.2	Organizes the information and resources to describe contributions of nationally and internationally outstanding figures by using sentence frames and the appropriate linkers or connecting words in a well-organized presentation.	
	SP.2.3	Presents the description of contributions of nationally and internationally outstanding figures in a well-organized presentation.	
W.1. writes a narrative paragraph of	W.2.1	Prewrites ideas for a narrative paragraph of personal and other people's stories of success.	
personal and other people's stories of success, checking written	W.2.2	Drafts sentences for a narrative paragraph of personal and other people's stories of success	
sentences to look for mistakes (e.g., subject-verb agreement, capitalization, spelling, basic	W.2.3	Revises a narrative paragraph of personal and other people's stories of success focusing on content and mistakes related to subject-verb agreement, capitalization, spelling, and basic punctuation).	
punctuation, etc.).	W.2.4	Edits a narrative paragraph of personal and other people's stories of success before publishing it.	

IV Period			
Unexpected Situations			
Assessment Strategies		Indicators of Learning	
L.1. recognizes main ideas and some key	L.1.1	Recognizes the main idea in conversations on television, radio, and web- based broadcasts /announcements.	
details in television, radio, and web- based broadcasts /announcements.	L.1.2	Recognizes key details in conversations on television, radio, and web-based broadcasts /announcements.	
L.2. discriminates the main points of a relatively long discussion about unexpected situations.	L.2.1	Recognizes the main idea and supporting details of a relatively long discussion about unexpected situations.	
L.3. retells main ideas/concepts and key	L.3.1	Recognizes the main idea in long discussions of unexpected situations.	
points/details.	L.3.2	Recognizes key points/details in long discussions of unexpected situations.	
	L.3.3	Summarizes what happened in long discussions of unexpected situations.	
R.1. distinguishes main ideas and some	R.1.1	Recognizes the main idea in texts of various lengths.	
key details in texts of various lengths.	R.1.2	Identifies key details in texts of various lengths.	
R.2. distinguishes English language	R.2.1	Recognizes targeted sounds in words.	
sounds using knowledge in phonics,	R.2.2	Articulates the targeted sounds.	
syllabification and word parts.	R.2.3	Produces the targeted sounds in dialogues in an oral or written form.	
R.3.interprets academic explanations.	R.3.1	Identifies the topic of an academic explanation.	

IV Period			
Unexpected Situations			
Assessment Strategies		Indicators of Learning	
	R.3.2	Recognizes the main idea in paragraphs or sections of an academic explanation	
	R.3.3	Extracts supporting details in paragraphs or sections of an academic explanation.	
	R.3.4	Draws conclusions from an academic explanation.	
SI.1. offers suggestions in unexpected situations.	SI.1.1	Uses expressions to give advice such as: "You should", "Why don't you", "Have you considered?", "How about" in unexpected situations.	
SI.2.1 makes complaints.	SI.2.1.1	Initiates a conversation politely with one of these phrases: "I'm sorry to bother you, but I" or "Excuse me, I wonder if you can help me"	
	SI.2.1.2 SI.2.1.3	Explains the problem using polite, respectful language in conversations. Asks for action to be taken on the complaint in conversations.	
	SI.2.2.1	Greets the person who answers and asks to speak with someone.	
SI.2.2 makes appointments.	SI.2.2.2	Expresses the purpose for the call.	
	SI.2.2.3	Agrees on the most convenient day and time for both parties.	
SI.3. interviews others about unexpected	SI.3.1	Formulates yes/no and wh- questions for an interview about unexpected	
situations if the questions have been		situations.	

IV Period			
Unexpected Situations			
Assessment Strategies		Indicators of Learning	
prepared beforehand.	SI.3.2	Interviews others about personal experiences, feelings, opinions, or	
		reactions from unexpected situations.	
	SP.1.1	Investigates and determines the appropriate information and visuals to	
		prepare a presentation to describe personal unexpected situations.	
	SP.1.2	Organizes the information and visuals to give a presentation to describe	
SP.1. describes personal unexpected		personal unexpected situations.	
situations.	SP.1.3	Constructs sentences with the information and with the appropriate linkers	
		or connecting words to give a presentation to describe personal	
		unexpected situations.	
	SP.1.4	Gives a well- organized presentation to describe personal unexpected	
		situations.	
	SP.2.1	Investigates and determines the appropriate information and visuals to	
		prepare a presentation to retell an unexpected situation read/heard in	
SP.2. retells an unexpected		class.	
situations read/heard in class.	SP.2.2	Organizes the information and visuals to give a presentation to retell an	
Situations read/neard in class.		unexpected situation read/heard in class.	
	SP.2.3	Constructs sentences with the information and with the appropriate linkers	
		or connecting words to give a presentation to retell an unexpected	

	IV Period								
	Un	expected Situations							
Assessment Strategies		Indicators of Learning							
		situation read/heard in class.							
	SP.2.4	Gives a well- organized presentation to retell an unexpected situation							
		read/heard in class.							
	W.1.1	Prewrites ideas for a narrative paragraph about a home emergency,							
		everyday situation, appointments, or a complaint.							
	W.1.2	Drafts sentences for a narrative paragraph about a home emergency,							
W.1. writes a narrative paragraph about a		everyday situation, appointments, or a complaint using the appropriate							
home emergency, everyday situation,		linkers or connecting words.							
appointments, or something you made a	W.1.3	Revises a narrative paragraph about a home emergency, everyday							
complaint about.		situation, appointments, or a complaint focusing on content and mistakes							
		related to subject-verb agreement, phrases, clauses, capitalization,							
		spelling, compound sentences, basic punctuation.							
	W.1.4	Edits a narrative paragraph about a home emergency, everyday situation,							
		appointments, or a complaint before publishing it.							

	IV Period								
	Open a	Book, Open Your Mind							
Assessment Strategies		Indicators of Learning							
L.1. distinguishes the main points of a		Recognizes the main idea and supporting details of a relatively long							
relatively long discussion if it concerns a		discussion if it concerns a familiar topic and if the people involved use							
familiar topic and if the people involved	L.1.1	Standard English and do not speak too quickly.							
use Standard English and do not speak									
too quickly.									
L.2. summarizes the most important	L.2. 1	Recognizes the main idea and supporting details in poems, comic strips,							
information about poems, comic strips,		biographies, and the moral of the story when visuals support the							
biographies and the moral of the story		message.							
when visuals support the message.	L.2.2	Recognizes the moral in poems, comic strips, biographies, and stories							
		when visuals support the message.							
	L.2.3	Summarizes the most important information about poems, comic strips,							
		biographies, and stories when visuals support the message.							
L.3. retells small group discussion		Selects the appropriate information from a video recording to recap a							
between two or more native speakers, if	L.3.1	small group discussion between two or more native speakers, if that							
that conversation is unhurried and if the		conversation is unhurried and if the student is familiar with the topic under							
student is familiar with the topic under		discussion.							
discussion in a video recording.	L.3. 2	Organizes the information from a video recording to recap a small group							

IV Period							
	Open a	a Book, Open Your Mind					
Assessment Strategies		Indicators of Learning					
		discussion between two or more native speakers, if that conversation is					
		unhurried and if the student is familiar with the topic under discussion.					
		Formulates sentences from a video recording to recap a small group					
	L.3. 3	discussion between two or more native speakers, if that conversation is					
	unhurried and if the student is familiar with the topic under discussion						
		Summarizes a small group discussion between two or more native					
	L.3.4	speakers, if that conversation is unhurried and if the student is familiar					
		with the topic.					
	R.1.1	Demonstrates comprehension of the main idea in paragraphs or sections					
R.1. recognizes relevant information to		of textbooks.					
draw conclusions.	R.1.2	Recognizes supporting details in paragraphs or sections of textbooks.					
	R.1.3	Draws conclusions from paragraphs or sections of textbooks.					
R.2. recognizes English language sounds	R.2.1	Recognizes targeted sounds in words.					
using knowledge in phonics,	R.2.2	Articulates the targeted sounds.					
syllabification and word parts.	R.2.3	Produces the targeted sounds in dialogues in an oral or written form.					
R.3. discriminates information in factual	R.3.1	Recognizes the main idea and supporting details in factual texts or simple					
texts and simple reports on familiar		reports on familiar topics.					
topics.							

	IV Period								
	Open a	Book, Open Your Mind							
Assessment Strategies		Indicators of Learning							
SI.1. offers an opinion about Haikus,	SI.1.1	Gives opinions with complete sentences about Haikus, comic strips,							
comic strips, biographies and Costa		biographies or Costa Rican legends examined in class.							
Rican legends examined in class.									
SI.2. interviews others about biographies	SI.2.1	Formulates yes/no and wh questions for an interview about biographies or							
and Costa Rican legends if the questions		Costa Rican legends.							
have been prepared beforehand.	SI.2.2	Interviews others about personal experiences, feelings, opinions or							
		reactions about biographies or Costa Rican legends.							
	SP.1.1	Investigates and determines the appropriate information, visuals to talk							
		about his/her favorite comic strips in a well-organized description.							
	SP.1.2	Organizes the information and visuals to give a well-organized description							
SP.1. describes his/her favorite comic		about his/her favorite comic strips.							
strips.		Constructs sentences with the information and with the appropriate linkers							
	SP.1.3	or connecting words to give a well-organized description about his/her							
		favorite comic strips.							
	SP.1.4	Presents a well-organized description of his/her favorite comic strips.							
	SP.2.1	Investigates and determines the appropriate information, visuals to give a							
SP.2. describes biographies of national	JF . Z . I	presentation about national and international writers.							
and international writers.	SP.2.2	Organizes the information and visuals to give a presentation about							

	IV Period								
	Open a	Book, Open Your Mind							
Assessment Strategies	Indicators of Learning								
		national and international writers.							
	SP.2.3	Constructs sentences with the information and with the appropriate linkers or connecting words to give a description of national and international writers in a presentation.							
	SP.2.4	Gives a well-organized presentation to describe national and international writers' biographies.							
	SP.3.1	Identifies characters in a Costa Rican legend read/heard in class.							
	SP.3.2	Recognizes specific characteristics of characters in a Costa Rican legend read/heard in class.							
SP.3. retells a Costa Rican legend read/heard in class.	SP.3.3	Recognizes the main problem/ conflict in a Costa Rican legend read/heard in class.							
	SP.3.4	Describes the problem/ conflict' solution in a Costa Rican legend read/heard in class.							
	SP.3.5	Summarizes the events from a legend read/heard in class including characters, problem/ conflict, and the problem/ conflict' solution.							
W.1. writes narrative paragraphs of famous Costa Rican legends.	W.1.1	Prewrites ideas for a narrative paragraph of a famous Costa Rican legend.							
ramous costa Nican legenus.	W.1.2	Drafts sentences for a narrative paragraph of a famous Costa Rican							

IV Period Open a Book, Open Your Mind								
Assessment Strategies	Indicators of Learning							
		legend by using the appropriate linkers or connecting words.						
	W.1.3	Revises the narrative paragraph focusing on content and mistakes related to subject-verb agreement, capitalization, spelling, and basic punctuation.						
	W.1.4	Edits the narrative paragraph before publishing it.						
	W.2.1	Prewrites ideas for a biography of a famous Costa Rican or international writer or author.						
W.2. writes biographies of famous Costa Rican or international writers or authors.	W.2.2	Drafts sentences for a biography of a famous Costa Rican or international writer or author using the appropriate linkers or connecting words.						
	W.2.3	Revises the biography focusing on content and subject-verb agreement, capitalization, spelling, and basic punctuation.						
	W.2.4	Edits the biography before publishing it.						

Samples for In-Class Progress and Performance Scale Instruments

Instrumento 7°,8°,9° y 10° 11° años académico y bilingüe / Módulo 46, Módulo 71 -CINDEA/ IPEC / INCO																	
Instrument for Registering In -Class Progress																	
	Performance Measure																
	3= Achieved : Learner can achieve the task without any difficulty.																
Grade/ Level Unit	2= In process : Learner can achieve the task with some difficulty and needs improvement.		ıme	me	ame	ıme	ame	ıme	ıme	ame	ame						
	1= Not yet achieved: Learner cannot achieve the task.	Student name															
Assessment Strategy	Indicators of learning	Stud															
									-		,		-				
Total																	
Porcentaje																	

Oral Performance Scale-Sam High School	ple (Oral P	roduc	etion)	Score:						
Summative instrument				Total Points:						
	minutes			Gotten points: _ Percentage:						
Level: Seventh Grade										
	Obtained Percentage:									
Date:		-								
Student`s name:				Group:						
Scenario:	Scenario:	Enjoy	ing Life							
Assessment Strategy	SI.1. Asks a slowly and			le questions about daily routines, eating	g habits, hobbies and hanging ou	ut activities if the other person speaks				
Description of linguistic task			ange (2 minutes)							
	You met a t	friend c	online. He / she lives in a rural part	of the country. You both would like to ke						
				virtual call to share some information.	Choose one topic. And ask and a	answer questions to each other. You				
		tures to	o talk about it.							
Indicators*	Points	NI/A		1		Τ				
	per indicator	N/A	1	2	3	4				
Uses information questions to	3		Asks questions about daily	Asks questions about daily	Asks questions about daily					
ask about daily routines, eating			routines, eating habits, hobbies	routines, eating habits, hobbies or	routines, eating habits,					
habits, hobbies and hanging out			or hanging out activities. The	hanging out activities appropriately	hobbies or hanging out					
activities.			student fails to ask for most of	sometimes. The student asks	activities appropriately and					
			the information (He/she cannot	information about some of the	with ease. The student gets					
			control memorized language	elements. He/she can partially	to ask for information about					
			structures (question patterns),	control memorized language	all the elements. He/she can					
			so it is hard to be understood.	structures (question patterns), to be	consistently control basic					
				somehow understood.	language structures					
•••					(question patterns)					
Makes complete sentences to	4		Answers were incomplete	Answers were partially	Answers were	Answers were successfully				
answer information questions			He/she hardly answers	accomplished. He/she sometimes	accomplished. Most of the	accomplished. He/she, at all				
about daily routines, eating			questions about daily routines,	answers questions about daily	time, he/she answers	times, answers questions about				
habits, hobbies and hanging out			eating habits, hobbies or	routines, eating habits, hobbies or	questions about daily	daily routines, eating habits,				
activities.			hanging out activities	hanging out activities appropriately	routines, eating habits, hobbies or hanging out	hobbies or hanging out activities				
			appropriately when asked.	when asked. He/she can partially	activities appropriately when	appropriately when asked. He/she can consistently identify				
			He/she cannot identify the question word and helping verb	identify the question word and helping verb to provide an answer	activities appropriately when asked.	question words, helping verb and				
			to provide an answer with	with control of memorized language	He/she can identify question	basic language structures				
			control of memorized language	structures (sentence patterns) to be	words, helping verb and	(sentence patterns)				
			structures (sentence patterns),	somehow understood.	basic language structures	(somened patterns)				
			so it is hard to be understood.	Comonow andorocod.	(sentence patterns) at most					
			20 4.12.13.04.		times.					

*Uses appropriate communication strategies (uses of facial expressions and gestures, asks for repetition, indicates lack of understanding, repeats words).	3	Fails in maintaining communication most of the time. Hard for him/her to use the communication strategies to overcome difficulties.	Makes use of some of the communication strategies to maintain communication going, but not all the time and inconsistently.	Makes use of many communication strategies to maintain communication going, which helps to keep the flow of the conversation	
*Pronounces the target language correctly *Stresses words and sentences correctly	2	Difficulty at understanding. Constant mistakes in pronunciation (More than 4 mistakes) Sometimes stresses individual words correctly and uses appropriate intonation when forming sentences	Understandable at most times. Occasional mispronunciation; some consistent mistakes. (3-4 mistakes) Constantly stresses individual words correctly and uses appropriate intonation when forming sentences	Clear and smooth pronunciation at this level. Few sporadic deviations. (1-2 mistakes)	
*Speaks at a normal speed	23	Carried out with hesitation that sometimes interferes with the message. Some long pauses to recall meaning.	Carried out adequately with some hesitation that seldom interferes with the message. Few short pauses to recall meaning.	Carried out with confidence. Sporadic short pauses to recall meaning.	
Comments:					

Propuesta revisada y actualizada por: Marianella Granados Sirias y Andrea Cruz Badilla. Asesoras Nacionales de Inglés. Departamento de Tercer Ciclo y Educación Diversificada. Dirección de Desarrollo Curricular.

Oral Performance Scale-Sample (Oral Production)

Dos Cercas High School

Summative instrument

Allotted Time: _____ minutes

Level: Eighth Grade

Teacher: ____ Obtained Percentage: ____ %

Out of the point of the point of the product of

Scenario: Something to Celebrate!

Assessment Strategy SI.2. Asks and answers about holidays and festivals in Costa Rica, Latin America and around the World.

Description of linguistic task Information exchange (2 minutes)

You are participating in an international school summer camp. You were asked to talk about favorite holidays or celebrations around the world. Choose one and talk about when and where it is celebrated, special food, activities. Use pictures to talk about it and ask questions to the teacher or classmates. Answer a couple of questions from your teacher or classmates.

	or question	3 110111	Jour teacher of classifiates.			
Indicators*	Points					
	per	N/A	1	2	3	4
	indicator					
Asks questions about	3		Asks questions about holidays	Asks questions about holidays and	Asks questions about	
holidays and festivals in			and festivals in Costa Rica,	festivals in Costa Rica, Latin	holidays and festivals in	
Costa Rica, Latin America and			Latin America and around the	America and around the World	Costa Rica, Latin America	
around the World.			World with a lot of difficulty.	appropriately sometimes. The	and around the World	
			The student fails to ask for	student asks information about	appropriately and with ease.	
			most of the information (He/she	some of the elements. He/she can	The student gets to ask for	
			cannot control memorized	partially control memorized	information about all the	
			language structures (question	language structures	elements. He/she can	
			patterns), so it is hard to be	(question patterns), to be somehow	consistently control basic	
			understood.	understood.	language structures	
					(question patterns)	
Answers questions about	4		Answers were incomplete	Answers were partially	Answers were	Answers were successfully
holidays and festivals in			He/she hardly answers	accomplished. He/she sometimes	accomplished. Most of the	accomplished. He/she, at all
Costa Rica, Latin America and			questions about holidays and	answers questions about holidays	time, he/she answers	times, answers questions about
around the World.			festivals in Costa Rica, Latin	and festivals in Costa Rica, Latin	questions about holidays	holidays and festivals in Costa
			America and around the World	America and around the World	and festivals in Costa Rica,	Rica, Latin America and around
			appropriately when asked.	appropriately when asked. He/she	Latin America and around	the World appropriately when
			He/she cannot identify the	can partially identify the question	the World appropriately	asked.
			question word and helping verb	word and helping verb to provide	when asked.	He/she can consistently identify
			to provide an answer with	an answer with control of	He/she can identify question	question words, helping verb and
			control of memorized language	memorized language structures	words, helping verb and	basic language structures
			structures (sentence patterns),	(sentence patterns) to be somehow	basic language structures	(sentence patterns)
			so it is hard to be understood.	understood.	(sentence patterns) at most	

				times.	
Gives information about holidays and festivals in Costa Rica, Latin America and around the World.	3	The task was incomplete He/she hardly gives information about holidays and festivals in Costa Rica, Latin America and around the World. He/she cannot control memorized language structures (sentence patterns), so it is hard to be understood	The task was partially accomplished. He/she somewhat gives information about holidays and festivals in Costa Rica, Latin America and around the World by either talking about the holiday or festival name or date of celebration. He/she can partially control memorized language structures (sentence pattern), to be somehow understood	The task was successfully accomplished. He/she gives information about holidays and festivals in Costa Rica, Latin America and around the World by talking about when and where they are celebrated, special food, activities. He/she can consistently control basic language structures (sentence patterns)	
*Uses appropriate communication strategies (uses of facial expressions and gestures, asks for repetition, indicates lack of understanding, repeats words).	3	Fails in maintaining communication most of the time. Hard for him/her to use the communication strategies to overcome difficulties.	Makes use of some of the communication strategies to maintain communication going, but not all the time and inconsistently.	Makes use of many communication strategies to maintain communication going, which helps to keep the flow of the conversation	
*Pronounces the target language correctly	3	Difficulty at understanding. Constant mistakes in pronunciation (More than 4 mistakes)	Understandable at most times. Occasional mispronunciation; some consistent mistakes. (3-4 mistakes)	Clear and smooth pronunciation at this level. Few sporadic deviations. (1-2 mistakes)	
*Stresses words and sentences correctly	2	Sometimes stresses individual words correctly and uses appropriate intonation when forming sentences	Constantly stresses individual words correctly and uses appropriate intonation when forming sentences		
*Speaks at a normal speed	3	Carried out with hesitation that sometimes interferes with the message. Some long pauses to recall meaning.	Carried out adequately with some hesitation that seldom interferes with the message. Few short pauses to recall meaning.	Carried out with confidence. Sporadic short pauses to recall meaning.	
Total:	23				
Comments:					

^{*}The indicators related to pronunciation, fluency and sociolinguistic appropriateness were constructed to measure overall achievement. They must be present in all instruments related to Spoken Interaction and Spoken production as required.

Propuesta elaborada por: Marianella Granados Sirias y Alfredo Ortega Cordero. Asesores Nacionales de Inglés. **Departamento de Tercer Ciclo y Educación Diversificada. Dirección de Desarrollo Curricular, 2021.**

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